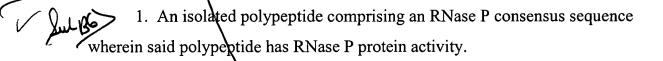
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- 2. The polypeptide of claim 1, wherein said polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 20-38.
- 3. An isolated nucleic acid sequence, wherein said sequence encodes a polypeptide containing an RNase P consensus and said polypeptide has RNase P protein activity.
  - 4. The nucleic acid sequence of claim 3, wherein said sequence encodes a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 20-38.
  - 5. The nucleic acid sequence of claim 4, wherein said sequence is selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NOS: 1-19.
  - 6. A transgenic host cell, wherein said cell comprises a heterologous nucleic acid sequence encoding the polypeptide of claim 1.
    - 7. An antibody that specifically binds to the polypeptide of claim 1.
      - 8. A method of identifying an antibiotic agent, said method comprising:
      - i) obtaining an RNase P holoenzyme comprising the polypeptide of claim 1;
  - ii) contacting said holoenzyme with an RNase P substrate in the presence and in the absence of a compound; and
- 20 iii) measuring the enzymatic activity of said holoenzyme;

wherein a compound is identified as an antibiotic agent if said compound produces a detectable decrease in said RNase P enzymatic activity as compared to activity in the absence of said compound.

9. The method of claim 8, wherein said polypeptide is substantially identical to a polypeptide of SEQ ID NOS:20-38.

- 10. The method of claim 8, wherein said activity is measured by fluorescence spectroscopy.
- 11. The method of claim 8, wherein said RNase substrate is fluorescently tagged ptRNA<sup>Gln</sup>.
- 12. A method for making a ptRNA<sup>Gln</sup>, said method comprising annealing two RNA fragments together by heating to about 65°C to about 80°C for about 5 minutes, followed by cooling to 20-25° C.

13. The method of claim 8, wherein said fluorescence analysis is carried out in a buffer comprising 10-40 mg/ml carbonic anhydrase and 10-100  $\mu$ g/ml polyC.

14. The method of claim 13, wherein said buffer further comprises at least one of the following:

0.5-5% glycerol;

 $10-100 \mu g/ml$  hen egg lysozyme;

20 10-50  $\mu$ g/ml tRNA; or

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1-10 mM DTT.